#### 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Bylaws of the Professional Appraisers Association of South Dakota As amended xxxxx, 2018 **SECTION 1 PURPOSES** The purposes of the nonprofit Corporation are: 11 12 To educate and communicate about legislative and regulatory issues with members of the 1.1 13 14 appraisal profession or with any persons concerned with valuation of real property in South Dakota. 15 16 1.2 To support the improvement of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice 17 (USPAP) and its effective enforcement by the South Dakota Appraiser Certification Program. 18 19 20 21 1.3 To foster and promote the appraisal profession to the general public through education, research, and publications. 22 23 24 1.4 To raise the funds necessary to administer the activities of this nonprofit Corporation and to use such funds to carry out its purposes and objectives. 25 26 27 1.5 To promote the public interest and to foster greater public trust and confidence in professional appraisal practice through non-partisan interaction with legislative bodies, government regulatory agencies, and other related organizations. 28 29 To be an advocate for the appraisers and the appraisal profession to ensure that their interests, 1.6 30 rights, and independence are protected. 31 32 33 34 **SECTION 2** 35 NAME and OFFICES 36 37 38 Name. The name of the Corporation shall be Professional Appraisers Association of South 2.1 Dakota. 39 40 Registered Office. A registered office of the Corporation shall be located in the state of South 2.2 41 Dakota as determined by the Board of Directors. 42 43 44 2.3 Other Offices. The Corporation may have such other offices, within or outside the State of South Dakota, as the Board of Directors may designate or as the activities of the Corporation may 45 require. 46 47 48 **SECTION 3** 49 50 **MEMBERSHIP** 51 52 3.1 Members. Any real property appraiser, registered, licensed, or certified by the State of South 53 Dakota is eligible to apply for membership in the Corporation. 54 55 3.1.1 All members shall be individuals, not an entity, and need not be residents of the State of 56 South Dakota.

- 3.1.2 No person shall hold more than one membership.
- 3.1.3 Membership rights may not be transferred, assigned or devised.
- 3.1.4 No member, by virtue of membership, shall have any right, title or interest in or to any property of the Corporation.
- 3.1.5 As a condition of membership, members, whether voting or non-voting, are subject to the Bylaws, including any rules or regulations that are adopted by the Board of Directors.
- 3.2 <u>Associate Members.</u> Any person, firm or organization may apply for admission as an associate member.
  - 3.2.1 The Board of Directors shall establish criteria and procedures for admission and for the benefits and privileges of associate members.
  - 3.2.2 Associate members shall have no voting rights.
  - 3.2.3 References to "members" or "members with voting rights", whether contained in South Dakota Statutes, the Articles of Incorporation, the Bylaws of the Corporation, or in the resolutions of the members or the Board of Directors, shall not apply to associate members unless specifically indicated.
- 3.3 Honorary Members.
  - 3.3.1 The Board of Directors shall establish criteria and procedures for recognition of honorary members, as well as for the benefits and privileges of honorary membership.
  - 3.3.2 Honorary members shall have no voting rights.
  - 3.3.3 References to "members" or "members with voting rights", whether contained in South Dakota Statutes, the Articles of Incorporation, the Bylaws of the Corporation, or in the resolutions of the members or the Board of Directors, shall not apply to honorary members unless specifically indicated.
- 3.4 <u>Dues.</u> The Board of Directors shall have authority to levy dues upon members, associate members, and honorary members.
  - 3.4.1 The Board of Directors may determine the amount of dues and the method of collection or enforcement of dues.
  - 3.4.2 The Board of Directors may establish policies with respect to cancellation of membership, associate membership, or honorary membership, on reasonable notice, for nonpayment of dues and for the reinstatement of members, associate members, or honorary members.
- 3.5 <u>Termination.</u> The Board of Directors shall have the authority to establish procedures for the expulsion or suspension of members. Any procedure for termination of membership rights shall take into consideration all relevant facts and circumstances and shall be in accordance with SD law.
- 3.6 <u>Resignation.</u> A member may resign at any time. The resignation of a member does not relieve them from any obligations to the Corporation for dues or other charges.

11 12	SECTION 4			
13 14	MEETINGS OF MEMBERS			
15 16 17	4.1	Place of Director	of Meetings. Meetings of members shall be held at a place designated by the Board of ors.	
18 19 20	4.2	Annual Meeting. At each annual meeting, the voting members shall re-elect or replace Directors whose terms have expired and may elect to remove Directors and elect their replacements as outlined in Section 5.7. The annual meeting shall be held in the first quarter of the calendar year.		
21 22 23 24 25		4.2.1	The annual meeting will be held in accordance with <i>Roberts Rules of Order, Newly Revised.</i>	
25 26 27		4.2.2	At each annual meeting, the President and the Secretary/Treasurer of the Corporation shall report on the activities and financial condition of the Corporation.	
28 29 30		4.2.3	At each annual meeting, the members may conduct any other business of the Corporation that may properly come before them and that is not otherwise handled by the Board of Directors or officers of the Corporation.	
31 32 33 34		4.2.4	If an annual meeting of members has not been held during any preceding period of 15 months, the voting members shall have the right to demand that a meeting be held.	
35 36 37 38 39	4.3	Special Meetings. Special meetings of the members shall be called by any of the following methods: (1) the President may do so for any purpose, (2) when demanded in writing by a minimum of three of the members of the Board of Directors, and (3) when demanded in writing by the lesser of fifty (50) voting members or twenty (20) percent of the voting members.		
40 41 42		4.3.1	No business shall be transacted at a special meeting except as stated in the notice unless all of the voting members have waived notice of such business on, after, or before the purpose thereof.	
43 44 45 46	4.4	prepar	of Meetings. A notice of each annual meeting and/or each special meeting shall be ed and sent to each member stating the date, time and place and (in the case of a special eg) the purpose thereof.	
47 48 49		4.4.1	Notice will be sent at least five (5) business days but not more than thirty (30) days prior to such meeting.	
50 51 52		4.4.2	Delivery of notice in the manner provided herein shall be considered sufficient notice to all members.	
51 52 53 54 55 56		4.4.3	Notice shall be by first class mail, email, or by other means of electronic transmission as are available.	
57 58 59 60	4.5	the me	r of Notice. A member may waive notice of a meeting, if given in writing before, at, or after seting. Attendance by a member at a meeting is deemed a waiver of notice of that meeting when:	
61 62 63		3.5.1	The member objects at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of business because the meeting was not lawfully called or convened; or	
64 65 66		3.5.2	The member objects before a vote on items of business because the item may not lawfully be considered at that meeting and the member does not participate in the consideration of said item at that meeting.	

- 4.6 Quorum. The presence at any meeting, in person, of at least 30 percent of the members shall constitute a quorum. Meetings of members and meetings of the Board of Directors may be held either in person and/or by interactive technology, so long as all members or Directors participating in the meeting can communicate with one another. Such interactive technology includes, but is not limited to, conference telephone, electronic transmission, Internet usage, or remote communication. Action taken at an interactive technology meeting shall be as effective as if the members or Directors had met in person.
  - 4.6.1 If any meeting of the members cannot be commenced because a quorum is not present, a majority of the members who are present may, except as otherwise provided by law, adjourn the meeting to another time.
  - 4.6.2 At any such adjourned meeting, any business that might have been transacted at the meeting as originally called may be transacted at a later meeting. Proper notice of the later meeting must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 above.
  - 4.6.3 If a quorum is present when a duly called or held meeting is convened, the members present may continue to transact business until adjournment, even though the withdrawal of a member or members originally present leaves less than the number otherwise required for a quorum.
- 4.7 <u>Voting.</u> At every meeting of members, each member present, in person, shall have the right to cast one vote on each question presented. Except in the case of votes to amend the Articles of Incorporation or the Bylaws, the vote of a majority of the members present shall determine any question brought before such meeting. Proxies shall not be allowed or used by members.
  - 4.7.1 In order to be able to vote, a member must have become a member at least forty-five (45) days prior to the vote.
- 4.8 <u>Written Action without a Meeting.</u> Any lawful action of the members that may be taken at a meeting of members may be taken without a meeting, if in writing and signed by all members and filed with the minutes of the members. The written action shall be effective when signed, unless a different effective date is set forth therein.
- 4.9 Order of Business. Meetings of members shall be conducted in accordance with *Roberts Rules* of *Order, Newly Revised*. The President, if present or if not present, the Vice President, shall preside at all meetings of members. In the absence of such officers at any meeting of members, the members present at the meeting shall appoint any person present to preside. The business at each meeting of members may include any issue properly noticed in a special meeting and any business of the Corporation at an annual meeting.
- 4.10 Proxies. Proxies shall not be allowed or used by members.

## **SECTION 5**

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

- 5.1 <u>Governing Power.</u> The Board of Directors shall have all the powers and duties necessary and appropriate for the administration of the affairs of the Corporation, consistent with the laws of South Dakota, the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, and these Bylaws.
- 5.2 <u>Composition and Qualifications.</u> The Board of Directors shall consist of the President, the Vice President, the immediate Past President, the Secretary/Treasurer, and seven (-7-) Directors.

- 5.2.1 The number of Directors may be increased or decreased only by valid amendment to these Bylaws.
- 5.2.2 Each Director must be a member in good standing.
- 5.2.3 A Director whose South Dakota real estate appraiser registration, license, or certification (collectively known as credential) is revoked or expired, or who ceases to be a member of the Corporation, shall automatically cease to be a Director of the Corporation, without notice or other action by the Board of Directors.
- 5.2.4 All Directors shall be adult persons and need not be residents of South Dakota.
- 5.2.5 Directors are not liable to members for mistakes of judgment except for bad faith or intentional actions.
- 5.3 <u>Geographical and Expertise Distribution.</u> Where possible, Directors shall be elected to provide geographical distribution across the state of South Dakota. Where possible, Directors shall be elected to provide distribution among the various disciplines of real estate appraisal expertise, including but not limited to beginning appraisal work, residential specialty, and commercial, industrial, agricultural and other areas which are generally included in the purview of a state-certified general appraiser in South Dakota.
- 5.4 <u>Elections and Term of Office.</u> The members shall elect Directors and the Secretary/Treasurer.
  - 5.4.1 At the member's annual meeting in January 2019, the Secretary/Treasurer shall be elected by the members for a three-year term. The Secretary/Treasurer shall be an officer and a voting member of the Board of Directors.
  - 5.4.2 At the member's annual meeting in January, 2019, the seven (-7-) Directors shall be elected by the members. Three Directors shall be elected for three (-3-) year terms, two Directors shall be elected for two (-2-) year terms, and the final two Directors shall be elected for one (-1-) year terms. Upon expiration of the initial terms of office for each group of these Directors, their successors shall be elected for a term of three years each, so that approximately one-third of the Directors shall be elected annually. Each succeeding group of Directors shall be referred to by the year in which its term expires.
  - 5.4.3 The Secretary/Treasurer and each Director shall then hold office:
    - 5.4.3.1 Until the annual meeting of members next following the expiration of their term of office: or
    - 5.4.3.2 Until their successor shall have been elected and shall qualify; or
    - 5.4.3.3 Until their death, resignation, or removal.
  - 5.4.4 The Secretary/Treasurer and each Director shall not be elected to more than two consecutive three-year terms.
    - 5.4.4.1 A Secretary/Treasurer or a Director elected to serve a term of less than three years shall be eligible for election to two consecutive three-year terms upon the expiration of the shorter term to which they were elected.
    - 5.4.4.2 A Secretary/Treasurer or any Director having served two consecutive three-year terms shall again become eligible for re-election after an absence from the Board of Directors of at least one year.

5.5 <u>Vacancies.</u> Vacancies on the Board of Directors caused by any reason shall be filled by a vote of the majority of the remaining Directors, even though they may constitute less than a quorum; and each person so elected shall serve as a Director until a successor is elected by the members at their next annual or special meeting.

- Resignation. A Director may resign at any time by mailing or personally delivering written notice to any officer of the Corporation. The resignation is effective without acceptance when the notice is delivered, unless a later effective time is specified in the notice. No resignation may be effective prior to the time such notice is given.
- 5.7 <u>Removal of Directors.</u> Any one or more of the Directors may be removed either by a vote of the members or by a vote of the remaining Directors.
  - 5.7.1 Removal by the members shall be for cause and shall be by affirmative vote of the majority of the members present at either the annual meeting or at a special meeting called for the purpose of removal.
  - 5.7.2 Removal by the remaining Directors shall be for cause and by the majority of the remaining Directors at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors or at a special meeting called for the purpose of removal.
  - 5.7.3 Whether removed by the members or by the remaining Directors, the vacancy created may be filled at the same meeting.
  - 5.7.4 Any Director whose removal is proposed prior to the expiration of his or her term shall be given an opportunity to be heard during the meeting at which his or her removal is considered.
- 5.8 <u>Compensation.</u> Directors and any members of committees established by the Board of Directors may or may not receive compensation, as may be provided for by resolution of the Board of Directors. Directors may or may not be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties as Directors, and they may serve the Corporation in other capacities and receive proper compensation therefore, if any. The sitting Board of Directors shall determine what compensation or reimbursement will be provided, if any.
- 5.9 <u>Regular Meetings.</u> Regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at least three (-3-) times per calendar year, as called by the President.
  - 5.9.1 One regular meeting each year shall be held in conjunction with the annual meeting of the members, which shall be held in the first quarter of the calendar year.
  - 5.9.2 As noted and further explained in Section 6.2.2, the Directors shall elect the President and Vice President to one-year terms during the last of the three regularly scheduled meetings of the Board of Directors each year, which shall be held in one of the last four months of the calendar year.
  - 5.9.3 Notice shall be given to each Director, at least five (5) business days but no more than thirty (30) days prior to the date of such meeting.
  - 5.9.4 Notice shall include the date, time, and place of the meeting.
  - 5.9.5 Notice shall be by first class mail, email, or by other means of electronic transmission as are available.
- 5.10 <u>Special Meetings.</u> The President or a majority of the Directors may call special meetings of the Board of Directors. Notice of special meetings of the Board of Directors shall comply with the

335 requirements for notice of annual or special meetings of members but shall additionally state the 336 purpose or purposes of the meeting. 337 338 5.11 Waiver of Notice. Directors may waive notice of any meeting of the Board of Directors before, at, 339 or after the meeting, in writing or by attendance. Attendance at a meeting by a Director shall 340 constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, unless such Director objects at the beginning of the 341 meeting to the transaction of business because the meeting is not validly held and does not 342 participate thereafter in the meeting. 343 344 5.12 Quorum. At all meetings of the Board of Directors, a majority of the Directors shall constitute a 345 quorum for the transaction of business. 346 347 If, at any meeting of the Board of Directors, there is less than a quorum present, the 348 majority of the Directors present may adjourn the meeting to another time. 349 350 5.12.2 At any such adjourned meeting, any business that might have been transacted at the 351 meeting as originally called may be transacted at a later meeting. Proper notice of the 352 later meeting must be provided in accordance with Sections 5.9.3, 5.9.4, and 5.9.5, 353 354 5.12.3 If a quorum is present when a duly called or held meeting is convened, the Directors 355 356 present may continue to transact business until adjournment, even though the withdrawal 357 of a Director or Directors originally present creates less than the number otherwise 358 required for a quorum. 359 360 Voting. The Board of Directors shall take action by the affirmative vote of a majority of Directors 5.13 361 present at a duly held meeting, unless the vote of a larger proportion or number is required by 362 South Dakota law, the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, or these Bylaws. 363 364 5.14 Electronic Communications. A conference telephone call or other electronic conference of the 365 Directors, which allows the Directors to hear each Director and to speak to each Director during 366 the meeting, may constitute a meeting of the Board of Directors. All notice or waiver of notice 367 requirements shall be fulfilled for a meeting held under this Bylaw provision. Participation in such 368 conference shall constitute presence in person at the meeting. 369 370 5.15 Written Action in Lieu of a Meeting. To the extent permitted by law, any lawful action of the Board 371 of Directors may be taken without a meeting if such action is in writing signed by all Directors 372 entitled to vote and filed with the official corporate records. The written action shall be effective 373 when signed by all Directors, unless a different effective date is set forth therein. 374 375 5.16 Conduct of Meetings. Meetings of the Board of Directors shall be conducted in accordance with 376 Roberts Rules of Order, Newly Revised. The President, if present or if not present, the Vice 377 President, shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors. In the absence of such officers, 378 the Directors present at the meeting shall appoint any of them to act as presiding officer of the 379 meeting. 380 381 5.17 Proxies. Proxies shall not be allowed or used by Directors. 382 383 384 **SECTION 6** 385 386 **OFFICERS** 387 388 Designation. The principal officers of the Corporation shall be the President, the Vice President, 6.1 389 the immediate Past President, and the Secretary/Treasurer. Each officer shall also be a Director

and voting member of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may appoint assistant

officers and such other agents as in its judgment may be necessary but such assistants and agents shall not be officers or Directors. Distinct members, each in good standing, shall hold the offices of President. Vice President, immediate Past President, and Secretary/Treasurer.

# 6.2 Election of Officers.

- 6.2.1 The Secretary/Treasurer shall be elected by the members and shall serve as outlined under Section 5.4.1, 5.4.3, and 5.4.4.
- 6.2.2 At the last of the three regularly scheduled meetings of the Board of Directors each year, the existing Directors will elect a President and Vice President to one-year terms. The members elected to be President and Vice President through this process will begin their one-year term at the end of the next annual meeting of the members. To be eligible for election to the position of President or Vice President, the member must be serving currently as a Director or officer of the Corporation. The President and Vice President will serve a term of one year and shall be eligible for election to a second consecutive one-year term.
- 6.2.3 When a new President is elected by the Board of Directors and assumes that position at the end of the following annual meeting of members, the President prior to the annual meeting of members shall become the officer known as the immediate Past President at that time, and shall begin to serve the Corporation as an officer in that capacity.
- 6.2.4 The President and Vice President shall not be elected to more than two consecutive oneyear terms.
  - 6.2.4.1 A President or Vice President elected to serve a term of less than one year shall be eligible for election to two consecutive one-year terms upon the expiration of the shorter term to which they were elected.
  - 6.2.4.2 A President or Vice President having served two consecutive one-year terms shall again be eligible for re-election to the same position after an absence from serving as an officer for at least one year.
- 6.3 <u>Resignation.</u> An officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board of Directors. The resignation is effective without acceptance when the notice is given, unless a later effective date is specified in the notice.
- 6.4 Removal. An officer may be removed at any time, with cause, by a resolution approved by an affirmative vote of the majority of the Board of Directors. An officer whose removal is proposed prior to the expiration of his or her term shall be given the opportunity to be heard during the meeting at which his or her removal is considered.
- 6.5 <u>Vacancies.</u> A vacancy in an office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or other cause, shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by prompt action of the Board of Directors.
- 6.6 President. The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation.
  - 6.6.1 The President shall preside at all meetings, have general management of the Corporation, perform such other duties as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors, and perform all duties usually incident to the office of President.
  - 6.6.2 The President and another officer shall execute and deliver together, in the name of the Corporation, any deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts, or other instruments pertaining to the business of the Corporation with prior Board of Directors approval. The exception to

- this requirement shall be in cases in which the authority to sign and deliver is required by law to be exercised by another person or is expressly delegated by the Board of Directors to some other officers or agents of the Corporation.
- 6.6.3 The President may delegate the authority to execute and deliver documents to other officers of the Corporation.
- 6.7 <u>Vice President.</u> The Vice President shall have such powers and shall perform such duties as may be specified by the Board of Directors. In the event of absence or disability of the President, the Vice President shall acquire/perform the President's powers and duties until the President shall resume his or her duties or until the Board of Directors elects a new President.
- 6.8 Past President. The immediate Past President of the Corporation shall have such powers and shall perform such duties as may be specified by the Board of Directors. The immediate Past President shall serve as an officer of the Corporation until an election for President creates a new Past President with a more recent term as an officer, who will then serve in this position. In the event of absence, resignation, or disability of the immediate Past President, the Board of Directors shall by majority vote elect a member to serve in that capacity for the balance of their unfilled term.
- 6.9 <u>Secretary/Treasurer.</u> A single member, duly elected and serving as specified in Sections 5.4.1, 5.4.3, and 5.4.4, shall serve as Secretary/Treasurer and shall have all the duties, responsibilities, and powers of both the traditional offices of Secretary and Treasurer, as next enumerated.

# 6.9.1 Secretary.

- 6.9.1.1 Supervise the Executive Secretary in the maintenance of the minutes of all meetings of members and of the Board of Directors;
- 6.9.1.2 Have legal custody of the minute book, records, and other official documents and instruments of the Corporation, though physical custody may be with the Executive Secretary.
- 6.9.1.3 Have the responsibility to direct the Executive Secretary to give notice and provide proof of notice of meetings and other proceedings;
- 6.9.1.4 Perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the President; and
- 6.9.1.5 Perform all duties usually incident to the office of Secretary.

# 6.9.2 <u>Treasurer.</u>

- 6.9.2.1 Be the chief financial officer of the Corporation and supervise the Executive Secretary in the maintenance of accurate financial records for the Corporation.
- 6.9.2.2 Have the responsibility to direct the Executive Secretary with respect to the deposit of all money, drafts, and checks in the name of and to the credit of the Corporation in the bank and depositories designated by the Board of Directors.
- 6.9.2.3 Have the responsibility to direct the Executive Secretary in the disbursement of all corporate funds and the issuance of all checks and drafts in the name of the Corporation.

501 6.9.2.4 Render to the President and the Board of Directors, whenever requested, an 502 account of all transactions by the Treasurer and by the Executive Secretary of 503 the financial condition of the Corporation. 504 505 6.9.2.5 Perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the President or the Board of 506 Directors. 507 508 6.9.2.6 Perform all duties usually incident to the office of Treasurer. 509 510 6.10 Assistant Secretary/Treasurer. The Board of Directors may establish and appoint an assistant 511 Secretary/Treasurer. Such assistant officer shall have such powers and shall perform such duties 512 as may be delegated to them by the Board of Directors. However, they shall be subordinate to the 513 Secretary/Treasurer. This assistant officer shall not be an officer or Director of the Corporation. In 514 the event of the absence or disability of the Secretary/Treasurer, the assistant 515 Secretary/Treasurer shall acquire/perform the powers and duties of the Secretary/Treasurer in 516 the manner prescribed by the Board, until the Secretary/Treasurer resumes his or her duties or 517 until the Board of Directors elects a replacement. 518 519 6.11 Executive Secretary. The Board of Directors may retain an Executive Secretary for the purposes 520 of day to day reception, bookkeeping, the preparation of minutes, and for the preparation and the 521 transmission of notices as required by these Bylaws, the Board or Directors, and the officers. 522 The Executive Secretary may either be an employee of the Corporation or a contract agent, as 523 directed by the Board of Directors. The Executive Secretary shall be paid in amounts 524 commensurate with the skills and services provided to the Corporation. The Executive Secretary 525 shall specifically be authorized to perform the daily and monthly tasks required of the 526 Secretary/Treasurer. The Executive Secretary may be required to attend meetings of the Board 527 of Directors and of the members but shall not be, by virtue of the position of Executive Secretary, 528 a voting member or Director. 529 530 6.12 Delegation. Except as may be prohibited by these Bylaws and with Board of Directors approval, 531 an officer may delegate some or all of their duties and powers to another person(s). An officer 532 who delegates the duties or powers of an office remains subject to the standard of conduct for an 533 officer imposed by law with respect to the discharge of all duties and powers as delegated. 534 535 6.13 Salaries. The Board of Directors may fix salaries, other compensation, and reimbursement of 536 officers and the Executive Secretary, if any. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to preclude 537 an officer from receiving a salary by reason of the fact that he or she is also serving the 538 Corporation in a paid or unpaid capacity as Director, consultant, or other capacity. 539 540 Contract Rights. The Corporation may enter into a contract with an officer or agent for a period of 6.14 541 time if, in the judgment of the Board of Directors, such contract is in the Corporation's best 542 interests. A contract may be for a term longer than the terms of the Directors who authorized or 543 approved the contract, and this shall not make the contract void or voidable. 544 545 546 **SECTION 7** 547 548 **COMMIT**TEES 549 550 7.1 Committees. By resolution approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors, the 551 Board of Directors may establish committees for such purposes and with such authority as 552 provided in such resolutions. All such committees shall be subject at all times to the direction and 553 contract of the Board of Directors. Members of such committees shall be appointed by action of 554 the Board of Directors or the Directors may authorize the President to appoint members of such 555 committees. All committee members must be adult persons and need not be Directors or 556 members of the Corporation.

7.2 <u>Procedures.</u> Sections 5.8 to 5.17 of these Bylaws, to the extent germane, apply to committees and members of committees to the same extent as those sections apply to the Board of Directors. Minutes, if any, of committee meetings must be made available upon request to members of the committee and to a Director.

## **SECTION 8**

# **FISCAL MANAGEMENT**

- 8.1 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall end on December 31.
- 8.2 <u>Books and Records.</u> The Corporation shall keep correct and complete articles, Bylaws, voting agreements, books of account, and minutes of proceedings of meetings of the members, the Board of Directors, and any committees having any of the authority of the Board of the Directors.
  - 8.2.1 The Secretary/Treasurer shall be responsible for compiling the minutes for the Corporation.
  - 8.2.2 The above books, minutes, and records may be inspected by a Director for any proper purpose at any reasonable time. A proper purpose is one reasonably related to the interest of the person as a member or Director of the Corporation.
  - 8.2.3 Books, minutes, and records shall be stored physically and saved electronically in a secure manner to preserve such materials for a period of six (6) years.
- 8.3 <u>Financial Statements</u>. At the close of each fiscal year, the Corporation shall prepare financial statements containing a balance sheet and a full correct statement of the financial affairs of the Corporation for the fiscal year, all in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
  - 8.3.1 The financial statements shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for its consideration and approval and presented to the members at their annual meeting following such fiscal year. The Secretary/Treasurer shall be responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and accounting records.
  - 8.3.2 Financial records may be inspected by a Director for any proper purpose at any reasonable time. A proper purpose is one reasonably related to the interest of the person as a member or Director of the Corporation.
  - 8.3.3 Financial statements shall be stored physically and saved electronically in a secure manner to preserve such materials for a period of six (6) years.
- 8.4 Execution of Corporate Documents. With the authorization of the Board of Directors, all notes and contracts shall be executed on behalf of the Corporation by the President, the Vice President, or any other parties designated by appropriate resolution of the Board of Directors. All checks and other drafts shall be executed on behalf of the Corporation by the President, Vice President, the Secretary/Treasurer, or the Executive Secretary (to the extent allowed by the Board of Directors), or any other parties designated by appropriate resolution of the Board of Directors.
- 8.5 <u>Fidelity Bonds.</u> The Board of Directors may require that officers, employees, and contract agents of the Corporation having custody or control of the corporate funds furnish adequate fidelity bonds. The premium on such bonds may be paid by the Corporation, as authorized and directed by the Board of Directors.

- 8.6 <u>Indemnification.</u> The Corporation shall indemnify a person made or threatened to be made a party to a civil, criminal, administrative, arbitration, or investigative proceeding by reason of the former or present official capacity of the person as an officer, Director, employee, or contract agent of the Corporation.
  - 8.6.1 The Corporation shall pay or reimburse such person's expenses in advance of final disposition for a proceeding, all in accordance with the provisions and requirements of South Dakota Statutes.
  - 8.6.2 The Corporation may, by Board or Directors resolution, reimburse expenses, including attorneys' fees and disbursements, incurred by a person in connection with a proceeding at a time when such person is a witness but has not been made or threatened to be made a party to such proceedings.

## **SECTION 9**

# **AMENDMENTS**

- 9.1 <u>Articles of Incorporation.</u> A majority of the Directors and a majority of members with voting rights must approve amendments to the Articles of Incorporation.
  - 9.1.1 If the Board of Directors initiates an amendment, proper notice of the proposed amendment must precede a meeting of the members at which the amendment will be considered and such notice must include the substance of the proposed amendment.
  - 9.1.2 If an amendment is proposed by the members and approved by a majority of the voting members, the voting members may demand a special meeting of the Board of Directors within 60 days of the delivery of such demand for consideration of the proposed amendment.
- 9.2 <u>Bylaws.</u> These Bylaws may be amended, altered, restated, or repealed and new Bylaws adopted, as follows:
  - 9.2.1 The Board of Directors may, by a two-thirds vote of the Directors who are present and entitled to vote on a proposed amendment, amend the Bylaws at any meeting. Notice of the proposed amendment shall be given to each Director, notwithstanding the provisions of other Sections of these Bylaws.

The Board shall not have the power to:

- 9.2.1.1 Adopt, amend, or repeal a Bylaw provision fixing a quorum for meetings of members:
- 9.2.1.2 Prescribe procedures for removing Directors or filling vacancies on the Board of Directors; or
- 9.2.1.3 Fix the number of Directors or their classifications, qualifications or terms of office (although the Board of Directors may adopt or amend Bylaws to increase the number of Directors).
- 9.2.2 Any provision of the Bylaws may be amended by a resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors and also approved by a majority of the voting members, in the same manner as provided in Section 9.1 hereinabove for amendment of Articles of Incorporation.

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669	The undersigned, Bev Luke, Executive Secretary of the Professional Appraisers Association of
670	South Dakota, hereby certifies that the foregoing amended Bylaws were adopted as the complete
671	Bylaws of the Corporation at the special meeting of the members for that purpose and held on the
672	, 2018.
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676	ATTEST:
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